# **Material Safety Data Sheet**



### SAFETY DATA SHEET DASA DS-709

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of the	ne substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking	
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	DASA DS-709	
Container size	15.2kg	
UFI	UFI: WFEX-H8YP-300W-NVPU	
EU REACH registration notes	All chemicals used in this product have been registered under REACH where required.	
1.2. Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Adhesive. Use only as directed.	
Uses advised against	Flexible PVC due to the risk of plasticiser migration.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	ne safety data sheet	
Supplier	DASA International B.V. Bergerweg 62 1815 AE Alkmaar Netherlands info@dasa-international.com +31(0)72 5719917	
1.4. Emergency telephone nur		
Emergency telephone	 DASA: +31(0)72-5719917 (Mon-Fri 09:00-17:00)	
National emergency telephone number	National Poisons Information Service (UK): 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) NHS: 111 (members of the public)	
SECTION 2: Hazards identification		
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture	
Classification (SI 2019 No. 720	<u>-</u>	
Physical hazards	Flam. Gas 1A - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280	
Health hazards	Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336	
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
2.2. Label elements		
Hazard pictograms	¥2	
Signal word	Danger	

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Hazard statements	H220 Extremely flammable gas. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.</li> <li>P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Please refer to Safety Data Sheet. Use only as directed.
Contains	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane, ACETONE, METHYL ACETATE, TOLUENE
Supplementary precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P261 Avoid breathing spray.</li> <li>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P381 In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.</li> <li>P391 Collect spillage.</li> <li>P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P405 Store locked up.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an explosion. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures		
DIMETHYL ETHER		30-60%
CAS number: 115-10-6	EC number: 204-065-8	
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Gas 1A - H220		
Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280		

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n- hexane	
CAS number: —	EC number: 926-605-8
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
STOT SE 3 - H336	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
ACETONE	10-30%
CAS number: 67-64-1	EC number: 200-662-2
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	
METHYL ACETATE	1-5%
CAS number: 79-20-9	EC number: 201-185-2
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	
TOLUENE	1-5%
CAS number: 108-88-3	EC number: 203-625-9
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	
Repr. 2 - H361d STOT SE 3 - H336	
STOT RE 2 - H373	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	
The full text for all hazard sta	atements is displayed in Section 16.
Composition comments	This product does not contain nanoforms.
Ingredient notes	Where required, the acute toxicity estimate (ATE) for any substance is listed in Section 11.
SECTION 4: First aid measu	res
4.1. Description of first aid m	leasures
General information	Move affected person to fresh air at once. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

General information

Move affected person to fresh air at once. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep affected person under observation. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.	
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.	
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.	
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.	
Inhalation	Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing. In case of overexposure, organic solvents may depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and death.	
Ingestion	There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat.	
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. Product has a defatting effect on skin.	
Eye contact	There may be irritation and redness. Eyes may water profusely. Irritating to eyes.	
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Difficulty in breathing.	
Specific treatments	If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measure	sures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Water spray, dry powder or carbon dioxide. Alcohol-resistant foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture		
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Forms explosive mixtures with air. May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.	
Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon. Acrid smoke or fumes.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.	

 Special protective equipment
 Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact.	
For non-emergency personnel	For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	
For emergency responders	For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	
6.2. Environmental precaution	<u>S</u>	
Environmental precautions	Contain the spillage using bunding. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non- combustible material.	
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Collect spillage for reclamation or disposal in sealed containers via a licensed waste contractor. Avoid water contacting spilled material or leaking containers. Approach the spillage from upwind. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.	
6.4. Reference to other section		
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 7 for information on safe handling. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage	
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling	
Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not smoke in work area. Clean equipment and the work area every day.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities	
Storage precautions	Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Avoid contact with oxidising agents.	
Storage class	Flammable compressed gas storage.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	
Usage description	Adhesive.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### DIMETHYL ETHER

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 766 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 958 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Heptane: Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm n-Hexane: Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 72 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 20 ppm

#### ACETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### METHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 616 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 770 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### TOLUENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 191 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm(Sk) 384 mg/m3(Sk) WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

#### DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6)

PNEC	Fresh water; 0.155 mg/l marine water; 0.016 mg/l Intermittent release; 1.549 mg/l STP; 160 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 0.681 mg/l Sediment (Marinewater); 0.069 mg/l Soil; 0.045 mg/l
	ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)
DNEL	Workers - Dermal; Long term : 186 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Short term : 2420 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term : 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Oral; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l marine water; 1.06 mg/l Intermittent release; 21 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg/day Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg/day Soil; 33.3 mg/kg/day STP; 100 mg/l

#### TOLUENE (CAS: 108-88-3)

### **DASA DS-709**

DNEL	Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 8.13 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 384 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 226 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 226 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 192 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 192 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.68 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 16.39 mg/kg - STP; 13.61 mg/l - Soil; 2.89 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 16.39 mg/kg - marine water; 0.68 mg/l
8.2. Exposure controls Protective equipment	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Ensure that the direction of airflow is clearly away from the worker. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

- Personal protection Wear protective work clothing.
- Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye Eye/face protection and face protection should be worn.

Hand protection

(PE/PA/PE), 2.5mil (0.06mm), >480 min. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Other skin and body Provide eyewash station. Avoid contact with skin. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure protection to the skin.

Hygiene measures Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.

**Respiratory protection** In confined or poorly-ventilated spaces, a supplied-air respirator must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Gas filter, type AX.

Thermal hazards Extremely cold, can cause frost bite.

Environmental exposure controls	Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties	
9.1. Information on basic phys	
Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Green.
Odour	Hydrocarbons.
Odour threshold	Data lacking.
рН	pH (concentrated solution): 7
Melting point	Data lacking.
Initial boiling point and range	Dimethyl ether: -25°C Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane: 75-90°C Acetone: 56°C
Flash point	A flash point method is not available for aerosols, but the major hazardous component, the propellant (dimethyl ether) has a flash point of <-41°C with flammability limits of 26.2% vol. upper and 3.3% vol. lower.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Evaporation factor	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information required.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.
Other flammability	No specific test data are available.
Vapour pressure	3 - 5 bar @ 20°C
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Liquid base: 0.84 @ 20°C
Bulk density	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Dimethyl ether: 226°C
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Liquid base: 400 - 700 mm²/s @ 20°C
Explosive properties	In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Yes
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Particle size	No information required.
Volatile organic compound	589 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Highly volatile.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous r	eactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Will not polymerise. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Avoid the accumulation of vapours in low or confined areas.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	n products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological info	ormation	
11.1. Information on toxicologic	cal effects	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin corrosion/irritation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Serious eye damage/irritation Summary	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory sensitisation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure	

Summary	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
STOT - single exposure	Narcotic effect.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
11.2. Information on other hazards		
11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties	There are no adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties.	
11.2.2. Other information	No information available.	
Toxicological information on ingredients.		
	DIMETHYL ETHER	
Acute toxicity - oral		

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Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Not applicable.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Not applicable.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC50)	164000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

# Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Irritating to skin.
Serious eye damage/irritat	ion
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	The product irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal discomfort if swallowed.
ACETONE	
Toxicological effects	The toxicity of this substance has been assessed during REACH registration.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD <sub>50</sub> mg/kg) Species ATE oral (mg/kg) <u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Acute toxicity dermal (LD <sub>50</sub> mg/kg) Species ATE dermal (mg/kg) <u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> Acute toxicity inhalation (LC <sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)	5,800.0 Rat 5,800.0 7,400.0 Rabbit 7,400.0
ATE oral (mg/kg) <u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Acute toxicity dermal (LD <sub>sc</sub> mg/kg) Species ATE dermal (mg/kg) <u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> Acute toxicity inhalation	5,800.0 7,400.0 Rabbit
Acute toxicity - dermal Acute toxicity dermal (LD <sub>sc</sub> mg/kg) Species ATE dermal (mg/kg) <u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> Acute toxicity inhalation	7,400.0 Rabbit
Acute toxicity dermal (LD <sub>sc</sub> mg/kg) Species ATE dermal (mg/kg) <u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> Acute toxicity inhalation	Rabbit
mg/kg) Species ATE dermal (mg/kg) <u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> Acute toxicity inhalation	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg) Acute toxicity - inhalation Acute toxicity inhalation	
Acute toxicity - inhalation Acute toxicity inhalation	7,400.0
Acute toxicity inhalation	
•	
(Less vapeare mg/l)	76.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	76.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritat	ion
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising. Guinea pig
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Gene mutation: Negative.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Micronucleus assay: Negative.
	, ,
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - development	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.
Reproductive toxicity -	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.
Reproductive toxicity - development Specific target organ toxici	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.
Reproductive toxicity - development Specific target organ toxici	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies. <b>ty - repeated exposure</b> NOAEL 900 mg/kg/90d bw/d, Oral, Rat
Reproductive toxicity - development Specific target organ toxici	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies. <b>ty - repeated exposure</b> NOAEL 900 mg/kg/90d bw/d, Oral, Rat NOAEC 22500 mg/m³/8w, Inhalation, Rat
Reproductive toxicity - development Specific target organ toxici STOT - repeated exposure	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies. <b>ty - repeated exposure</b> NOAEL 900 mg/kg/90d bw/d, Oral, Rat NOAEC 22500 mg/m³/8w, Inhalation, Rat
Reproductive toxicity - development Specific target organ toxicity STOT - repeated exposure	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies. <b>ty - repeated exposure</b> NOAEL 900 mg/kg/90d bw/d, Oral, Rat NOAEC 22500 mg/m³/8w, Inhalation, Rat <u>METHYL ACETATE</u>
Reproductive toxicity - development Specific target organ toxicit STOT - repeated exposure <u>Acute toxicity - oral</u> Notes (oral LD <sub>50</sub> )	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies. <b>ty - repeated exposure</b> NOAEL 900 mg/kg/90d bw/d, Oral, Rat NOAEC 22500 mg/m³/8w, Inhalation, Rat <u>METHYL ACETATE</u>
Reproductive toxicity - development Specific target organ toxicit STOT - repeated exposure Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD <sub>50</sub> ) Skin corrosion/irritation	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies. <b>ty - repeated exposure</b> NOAEL 900 mg/kg/90d bw/d, Oral, Rat NOAEC 22500 mg/m³/8w, Inhalation, Rat <u>METHYL ACETATE</u> LD <sub>50</sub> 3705 mg/kg, Oral, Rabbit Not irritating.

### TOLUENE

Toxicological effects	The toxicity of this substance has been assessed during REACH registration. This product is very toxic.
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	4,328.0
Species	Rat
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	4,328.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,000.0
Species	Rabbit
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >5000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	5,000.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ vapours mg/l)	19.0
Species	Rat
Notes (inhalation $LC_{50}$ )	>20 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	19.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**STOT - single exposure** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

	Specific target organ toxici	ty - repeated exposure
	STOT - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	Aspiration hazard	
	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
SECTION 1	2: Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity	•	duct contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause m adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Ecological i	nformation on ingredients.	
	Hydr	ocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
	Ecotoxicity	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
12.1. Toxici	ity	
Toxicity	Toxic to	aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Ecological i	nformation on ingredients.	
		DIMETHYL ETHER
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: >4000 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: >4000 mg/l, Daphnia magna LC₅₀, 48 hours: 755,549 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Hydr	ocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LL₅₀, 96 hours: 9.776 mg/l, Freshwater fish
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EL50, 48 hours: 3.0 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	NOEL, 48 hours: 8.483 mg/l, Tetrahymena pyriformis.
		ACETONE
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 5540 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 8800 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	NOEC, 8 hours: 530 mg/l/8 d, Algae
	Acute toxicity - terrestrial	LD₅₀, 48 hours: 0.1 - 1 mg/cm², Eisenia Fetida (Earthworm)
		TOLUENE
	Acute aquatic toxicity	

	Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours: 13 mg/l, Carassius auratus (Goldfish) NOEC, 192 hours: >1<10 mg/l, LC₅₀, 96 hours: >1<10 mg/l, Fish
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 11.5 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	IC₅₀, 72 hours: 12 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum IC₅₀, 72 hours: >100 mg/l, Algae
12.2. Persis	stence and degradability	
Persistence	and degradability Biodegra	adable in part only. Biodegradable in part only.
Ecological i	nformation on ingredients.	
		DIMETHYL ETHER
	Biodegradation	Water - 5%: 28 days
	Hydr	ocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
	Persistence and degradability	The product is biodegradable.
		ACETONE
	Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
	Biodegradation	Water - Degradation >60: 28 days
		TOLUENE
	Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
	Biological oxygen demand	1.23 g O₂/g substance
12.3. Bioac	cumulative potential	
Bioaccumul	ative potential No data	available on bioaccumulation.
Partition co	efficient Not avai	lable.
Ecological i	nformation on ingredients.	
		DIMETHYL ETHER
	Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
		ACETONE
	Bioaccumulative potential	BCF 3
		TOLUENE
	Bioaccumulative potential	The product is not bioaccumulating.
12.4 Mobili		-

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility

Readily absorbed into soil.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

# DIMETHYL ETHER

Mobility	Koc: 7,759
Нус	lrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
	ACETONE
Mobility	Mobile.
	TOLUENE
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assess	sment
Results of PBT and vPvB This pr assessment	oduct does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	DIMETHYL ETHER
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.
Нус	rocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.
	ACETONE
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.
	TOLUENE
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
<b>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</b> There properties	are no adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties.
12.7. Other adverse effects None I	known.
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	TOLUENE

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
General information	Ensure containers are empty before discarding (explosion risk). Must not be disposed of together with household waste.
Disposal methods	Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.
Waste class	Empty Canister: 15 01 10 (Containing hazardous residue), Empty Canister: 15 01 04 (No hazardous residues), Full or Partially Empty Canister: 16 05 04.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

SECTION 14: Transport morr	iduori
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	3501
UN No. (IMDG)	3501
UN No. (ICAO)	3501
UN No. (ADN)	3501
14.2. UN proper shipping name	<u>e</u>
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, Hydrocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, Hydrocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, Hydrocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane)
Proper shipping name (ADN)	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, Hydrocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR/RID class	2.1
ADR/RID classification code	8F
ADR/RID label	2.1
IMDG class	2.1
ICAO class/division	2.1

#### Transport labels



ADN class

### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

2.1

#### Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



### 14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG Code segregation group	SW2
EmS	F-D, S-U
ADR transport category	2
Emergency Action Code	2YE
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	23
Tunnel restriction code	(B/D)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

#### Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.
Authorisations (SI 2020 No. 1577 Annex XIV)	No specific authorisations are known for this product.
Restrictions (SI 2020 No. 1577 Annex XVII)	Entry number: 48

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Flam. Gas 1 - H220, Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280: Weight of evidence. Eye Irrit. 2 - H319, STOT SE 3 - H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411: Calculation method.
Issued by	Technical Department
Revision date	09/05/2023
Revision	2.2
Supersedes date	08/12/2021
SDS number	21979

Hazard statements in full	H220 Extremely flammable gas. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.